Facility	ID:	Date:
o gather all informa ). Enter additional a	tion needed. Mark	any areas of concern identified
		Notes
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es <b>No F371</b>		
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Observations	Notes
2. Does the facility prohibit staff with open areas on their skin, signs of infection or other indications of illness, from handling food products? Yes No F441 NOTE: The F tag offered in the QIS DCT is not consistent with this worksheet. If the facility is not in compliance with this question, mark the CE in the QIS DCT as "No", mark the offered F tag (F443) as "N/A", and initiate F441.	
3. Are foods prepared under sanitary conditions?	
If staff are preparing food: proceed with observations. If not, answer the remaining items in future trips to the kitchen (see related sections below).	
Follow-up Visit(s) to the Kitchen	
Storage Temperatures	
Observe for:  Refrigerator temperatures that are at or below 41° Fahrenheit (check temperatures between meal service activities to allow for stable temperatures).*  Freezer temperatures maintained at a level to keep frozen food solid.  Internal temperatures of potentially hazardous, refrigerated foods (e.g., meat, fish, milk, egg, poultry dishes) that are not within acceptable ranges of 41° Fahrenheit or lower.  What are the temperatures?  What foods are involved?  *Cited food temperatures are target temperatures from the current FDA Food Code.  4. Is the food stored at the appropriate temperatures?  Yes No F371, F456	
Food Storage	
Observe for:  Frozen foods thawing at room temperature;  Foods in the refrigerator/freezer that are not covered, dated, and shelved to allow circulation;  Foods stored in direct contact with soiled surfaces or rust;  Canned goods with a compromised seal (e.g., punctures);  Staff touching food when accessing bulk foods;	

Observations	Notes
<ul> <li>☐ Containers of food stored on the floor or on surfaces that are not clean;</li> <li>☐ Signs of water damage from sewage lines and/or pipelines;</li> <li>☐ Signs of negative outcome (i.e., freezer burn, foods dried out, foods with a change in color);</li> <li>☐ Raw meat stored so that juices are dripping onto other foods; and</li> <li>☐ The facility's policy for food storage, including leftovers. Does staff follow the policy?</li> </ul>	
5. Are foods stored under sanitary conditions? Yes No F371	
Food Preparation and Service	
Observe for:  Hot foods not held at 135° Fahrenheit or higher on the steam table;*  Food service that is not started within 30 minutes after food is placed on the steam table;  Cold foods that are not held at 41° Fahrenheit or lower; and*  Food surfaces that are not thoroughly cleaned after preparation of fish, meat, or fowl.  Cutting surfaces that are not sanitized between uses;  Improper final internal cooking temperatures (monitoring the food's internal temperature for 15 seconds determines when microorganisms can no longer survive and food is safe for consumption). Foods should reach the following internal temperatures:  Poultry and stuffed foods - 165 degrees F;  Ground meat (e.g., ground beef, ground pork), ground fish, and eggs held for service - at least 155 degrees F;  Fish and other meats - 145 degrees F for 15 seconds;  Unpasteurized eggs when cooked to order in response to resident request and to be eaten promptly after cooking;- 145 degrees F for 15 seconds; until the white is completely set and the yolk is congealed (or, is facility using pasteurized eggs for residents who want soft-cooked eggs?); and  When cooking raw animal foods in the microwave, foods should be rotated and stirred during the cooking process so that all parts of the food are heated to a temperature of at least 165 degrees F, and allowed to stand covered for at least 2 minutes after cooking to obtain temperature equilibrium.  Fresh, frozen, or canned fruits and vegetables are cooked to a hot holding temperature (135 degrees F) to prevent the growth of pathogenic bacteria that may be present.	

Observations	Notes
Food items that are not reheated to the proper temperatures:	
• The PHF/TCS food that is cooked and cooled must be reheated so that all parts of the food reach an internal temperature of 165 degrees F for at least 15 seconds before holding for hot service.	
<ul> <li>Ready-to-eat foods that require heating before consumption are best taken directly from a sealed container (secured against the entry of microorganisms) or an intact package from an approved food processing source and heated to at least 135 degrees F for holding for hot service.</li> </ul>	
Food that is not covered during transportation and distribution to residents;	
Food that is not cooked in a manner to conserve nutritive value, flavor, appearance and texture;	
Nourishments and snacks held at room temperature and not served within 4 hours of delivery. Potentially hazardous foods (e.g., milk, milk products, eggs) must be held at appropriate temperatures;	
Staff that do not properly wash hands with soap and water to prevent cross contamination (i.e., between handling raw meat and other foods);	
Staff who does not utilize hygienic practices (e.g., not touch hair, face, nose etc. and then handle food);	
Staff who serve food to residents after collecting soiled plates and food waste, without proper hand washing;	
Leftovers that are not cooled quickly and promptly in shallow pans in the refrigerator or freezer;	
Potentially hazardous foods that are not cooled from 135° Fahrenheit to 70° Fahrenheit within 2 hours; from 70° Fahrenheit to 41° Fahrenheit within 4 hours; the total time for cooling from 135° to 41° Fahrenheit should not exceed six hours.*	
Food that is not procured from vendors that meet federal, state or local approval;	
The time food is put on the steam table and when meal service starts. If unable to observe, determine per interview with the cook;	
☐ How staff routinely monitors food temperatures on the steam table (review temperature logs);	
When staff starts cooking the food. If unable to observe, determine per interview with the cook;	

Observations	Notes
☐ What cooking methods are available and used (e.g., steamer, batch-style cooking); and	
☐ Staff who compromise food safety when preparing modified consistency (e.g., pureed, mechanical soft) PHF/TCS foods.	
*See F371. Cited food temperatures are target temperatures from the current FDA Food Code.	
6. Does the facility prohibit staff with open areas on their skin, signs of infection or other indications of illness, from handling food products? Yes No F441	
NOTE: The F tag offered in the QIS DCT is not consistent with this worksheet. If the facility is not in compliance with this question, mark the CE in the QIS DCT as "No", mark the offered F tag (F443) as "N/A", and initiate F441.	
7. Was food procured from approved or satisfactory sources and prepared and served under sanitary conditions and in a manner that conserves nutritive value, flavor, and appearance?   Yes No F364, F371	
NOTE: Question #7 in the QIS DCT is not consistent with language on this worksheet. Pending a revision to the QIS DCT and as an interim procedure, if the facility is not in compliance with the procurement of food, cite F371.	
Dinnerware Sanitization and Storage	
Observe for:	
Dishwasher temperatures that are not at 150° Fahrenheit wash, 180° Fahrenheit rinse OR 120° Fahrenheit wash + 50 ppm (parts per million) Hypochlorite;	
☐ The manual method – After washing and rinsing, dishes are sanitized by immersion in either:	
<ul> <li>Hot water (at least 171 degrees F) for 30 seconds; or</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>A chemical sanitizing solution. If explicit manufacturer instructions are not provided, the recommended sanitation concentrations are as follows:</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Chlorine: 50 – 100 ppm minimum 10 second contact time</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Iodine: 12.5 ppm minimum 30 second contact time</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>QAC space (Quaternary): 150 – 200 ppm concentration and contact time per manufacturer's instructions (Ammonium Compound)</li> </ul>	
Dishes, food preparation equipment, and utensils that are towel dried (Drying food preparation equipment and utensils with a towel or cloth may increase risks for cross contamination.);	

Observations	Notes
☐ Clean and soiled work areas that are not separated; and ☐ Dishware that is not stored to prevent contamination. (In a clean, dry location, not exposed to splash, dust or other contamination and covered or inverted.)	
Ask staff:  How do they test for proper chemical sanitization (observe them performing the test)?  How do they monitor equipment to ensure that it is functioning properly? (Review temperature/chemical logs.)	
8. Were dishes and utensils cleaned and stored under sanitary conditions?  Yes No F371	
Equipment Safe/Clean	
Observe for:	
<ul><li>☐ Refrigerators and freezers that are not clean and in safe operating condition;</li><li>☐ Fans in food prep areas that are not clean;</li></ul>	
☐ Utensils/equipment that are not cleaned and maintained to prevent food borne illness; and	
Food trays, dinnerware, and utensils that are not clean and in good condition (e.g., not cracked or chipped, etc.).	
Lack of appropriate equipment and supplies to evaluate the safe operation of the dish machine and the washing of pots and pans (e.g., maximum registering thermometer, appropriate chemical test strips, and paper thermometers);	
Ask staff:	
What is the facility's practice for dealing with employees who come to work with symptoms of contagious illness (e.g., coughing, sneezing, diarrhea, vomiting) or open wounds;	
How does the facility identify problems with time and temperature control of PHF/TCS foods and what are the processes to address those problems;	
Whether the facility has, and follows, a cleaning schedule for the kitchen and food service equipment; and	
☐ If there is a problem with equipment, how staff informs maintenance and follows up to see if the problem is corrected.	

Observations	Notes
9. Is food preparation equipment clean and in safe operating condition?  Yes No F371, F456	
Cite F371 if the issue is sanitary conditions of food preparation equipment.	
Cite F456 if the issue is safe operating condition of the equipment.	
NOTE: The F tag selection for question #9 in the QIS DCT is not consistent with this worksheet. Pending a revision to the QIS DCT and as an interim procedure when question #9 is answered "No":	
• If the issue relates <u>only to the sanitary conditions</u> of the food preparation equipment, mark F456 for question 9 in the QIS DCT as "N/A" and initiate F371.	
<ul> <li>If the issue relates <u>only to safe operating condition</u> of the equipment, cite F456.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>If the issue relates to <u>both sanitary conditions and safe operating</u> <u>condition</u> of the equipment, cite F456 and initiate F371.</li> </ul>	
Refuse/Pest Control	
10. Was garbage and refuse disposed of properly?	
11. Food storage, preparation and service areas are free of visible signs of insects and/or rodents?	
If Question 10 or 11 is marked 'No':	
☐ Is there documentation of pest control services that have been provided?	
☐ Is the facility aware of the current problem?	
☐ If the facility is aware of the current problem, what steps have been taken to eradicate the problem?	
Notify team of observations and review other areas of the environment for pest concerns.	